

# Approaches to sustainable black soil cultivation

## 可持续黑土耕作方法

Alejandro Figueroa

Tel: +421 905257465

+420605062134

Mail: [afagro@afagro.sk](mailto:afagro@afagro.sk)

Date: 17.06.2024

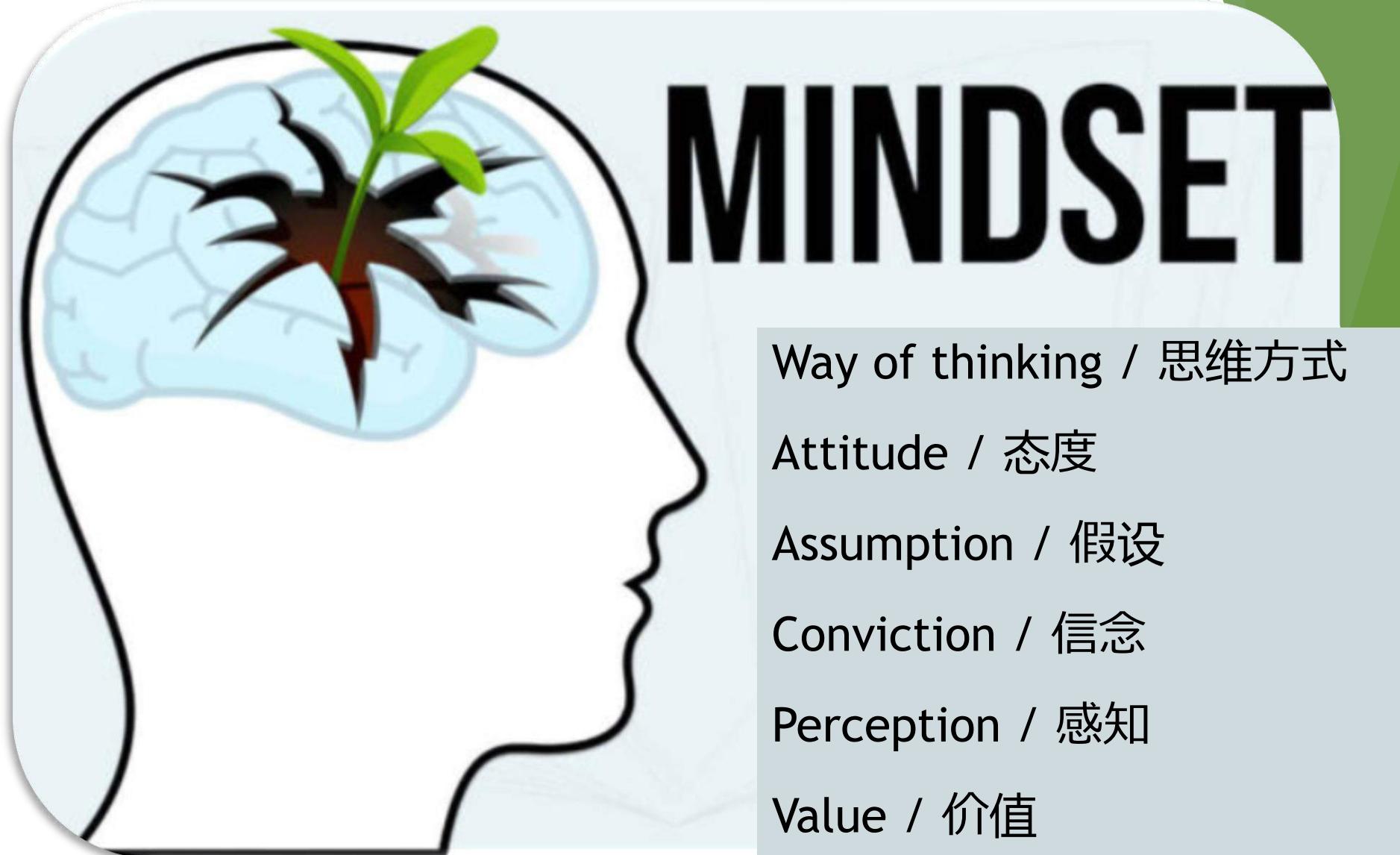




## Highlight was the yearly field day at Huanghai Farm 在江苏农垦黄海分公司举办的一年一度中德示范园“田间日”



# Mindset / 心态



# MINDSET

Way of thinking / 思维方式

Attitude / 态度

Assumption / 假设

Conviction / 信念

Perception / 感知

Value / 价值

# What are the problems / 有哪些问题

1. Monokulture (Corn - Corn - Corn) or (Corn - Soja - Corn - Soja)  
单一种植（玉米 - 玉米 - 玉米）或（玉米 - 大豆 - 玉米 - 大豆）
2. Soil compaction due to intensive soil preparation (Machine - Sedimentation) 由于集约化土壤准备导致的土壤压实（机器 - 沉积）
3. pH Low - Medium - High / pH 低 - 中 - 高
4. Straw management / 稻秆管理
5. Just N-P-K fertilization and too much / 仅仅N-P-K施肥且过量
6. Insect problems. In corn, European corn borer / 虫害问题。在玉米中，欧洲玉米螟虫
7. Weed problems? / 杂草问题？
8. Too much pesticide? / 农药太多？
9. Millions of hectares are contaminated with pesticides / 数百万公顷的土地被农药污染 **How we can solve this problem?** 我们如何解决这个问题？

# Challenges / 挑战

- ▶ Level of education of managers / 管理者的教育水平
- ▶ Führungs- und Entscheidungsstrukturen / 管理和决策结构
- ▶ Change of mindset / 思维方式的改变

# The big mistake / 大错误



# Checklist / 清单

Implementation of 7 “C”  
实践“7C”

Keep up to date  
与时俱进

Wider crop rotation  
更广泛的轮作作物

Start with a small area. 10%  
从小片区域开始，比如10%面积

Establish tracks  
建立机耕道

Rent a no till machine  
租用免耕农机具



Learn from others  
从他人那里吸取经验

your soil. Do soilprofil-  
壤。进行土壤剖面分析

poorly drained  
排水系统

remove soil compact-  
善土壤压实，松土

the soil with cover crops  
物覆盖，给土壤供给营养

Symbol picture / 符号图片



Wheel pressure  
胎压

The background features a large, abstract graphic composed of numerous overlapping triangles in various shades of green, from light lime to dark forest green, creating a sense of depth and organic texture.

# Know your soil

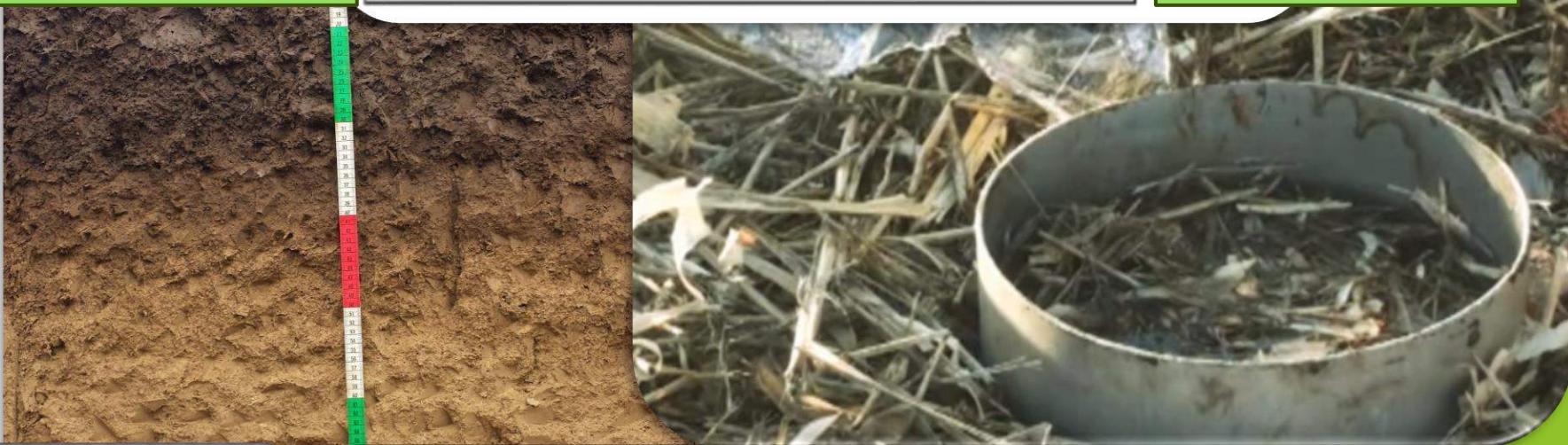
# 了解你的土壤

A range of values for infiltration rates is given below:

以下是下渗速率的数值范围

- Soil profil / 土壤剖面
- Water infiltration test / 水分渗透测试
- Soil analysis / 土壤分析
- Soil strength or structure / 土壤强度或结构

低渗透率	Low infiltration rate	less than 15 mm/hour	小于15毫米/小时
中等渗透率	medium infiltration rate	15 to 50 mm/hour	15 - 50毫米/小时
高渗透率	high infiltration rate	more than 50 mm/hour	超过50毫米/小时



Soil Health Principles - Ray Archuleta

# Know your soil with proper soil analysis / 了解土壤，进行适当的土壤分析

BASIC VALUES						
pH (H2O) / pH值:	6,6	CEC <sub>pot</sub> /TEC (Total)		Exchange Capacity; mmol/100g) / 交换容量 ; mmol/100g):		
pH (KCl) / pH值:	5,9	SATURATION: 饱和度	TARGET: 目标	ACTUAL: 实际	Desired Ca:Mg-Ratio / 理想的钙:镁比率	69 : 11
Soil organic matter (%) / 土壤有机质 (%):	7,7	Calcium (%): 钙 (%)	60-70	61,7	TARGET ACTUAL / 目标 实际	<div style="width: 61.7%; background-color: #669933;"></div>
Total-N (%) / 总氮 (%):	0,38	Magnesium (%): 镁 (%)	10-20	23,6	TARGET ACTUAL / 目标 实际	<div style="width: 23.6%; background-color: #669933;"></div>
C/N-Ratio / 碳氮比:	11,6	Potassium (%): 钾 (%)	2-7,5	2,6	TARGET ACTUAL / 目标 实际	<div style="width: 2.6%; background-color: #669933;"></div>
N-Delivery (kg/ha) / 氮供应 (公斤/公顷):	124	Sodium (%): 钠 (%)	0,5-3	0,5	TARGET ACTUAL / 目标 实际	<div style="width: 0.5%; background-color: #669933;"></div>
CaCO <sub>3</sub> (%):	0,1	Hydrogen (%): 氢 (%)	10-15	6,8	TARGET ACTUAL / 目标 实际	<div style="width: 6.8%; background-color: #669933;"></div>
Texture / 质地:	Lu	Variable (%): 变量 (%)		4,9		
CATIONS / 阳离子			RECOMMENDATION		Priority	kg/ha
Calcium (kg/ha) / 钙 (公斤/公顷)	Value found / 检测值 Target value / 目标值 Balance / 平衡值	7867 8792 -925	Gypsum / 石膏	1)	2240	149.33
Magnesium (kg/ha) / 镁 (公斤/公顷)	Value found / 检测值 Target value / 目标值 Balance / 平衡值	1822 850 +972	None / 无			
Potassium (kg/ha) / 钾 (公斤/公顷)	Value found / 检测值 Target value / 目标值 Balance / 平衡值	652 1243 -592	Potassium Sulfate 0-0-50 / 硫酸钾 0-0-50	4)	448	29.87
Sodium (kg/ha) / 钠 (公斤/公顷)	Value found / 检测值 Target value / 目标值 Balance / 平衡值	67 146 -79	Rock Salt / 岩盐		52	3.47
ANIONS / 阴离子						
Sulfur / 硫	ppm	12	Sulfur / 硫 90%	2)	95	6.33
Phosphates P2O5 / 磷酸盐 P2O5 (kg/ha-公斤/公顷)	Available / 可用 Stock / 存量	21,6 433	MAP 11-52-0	3)	224	14.93
TRACE ELEMENTS / 微量元素						
Boron / 硼	ppm	1,0	Boron 17%	7)	13	0.87
Iron / 铁	ppm	325,5				

Crop rotation / 轮作

# Classic crop rotation / 经典轮作：

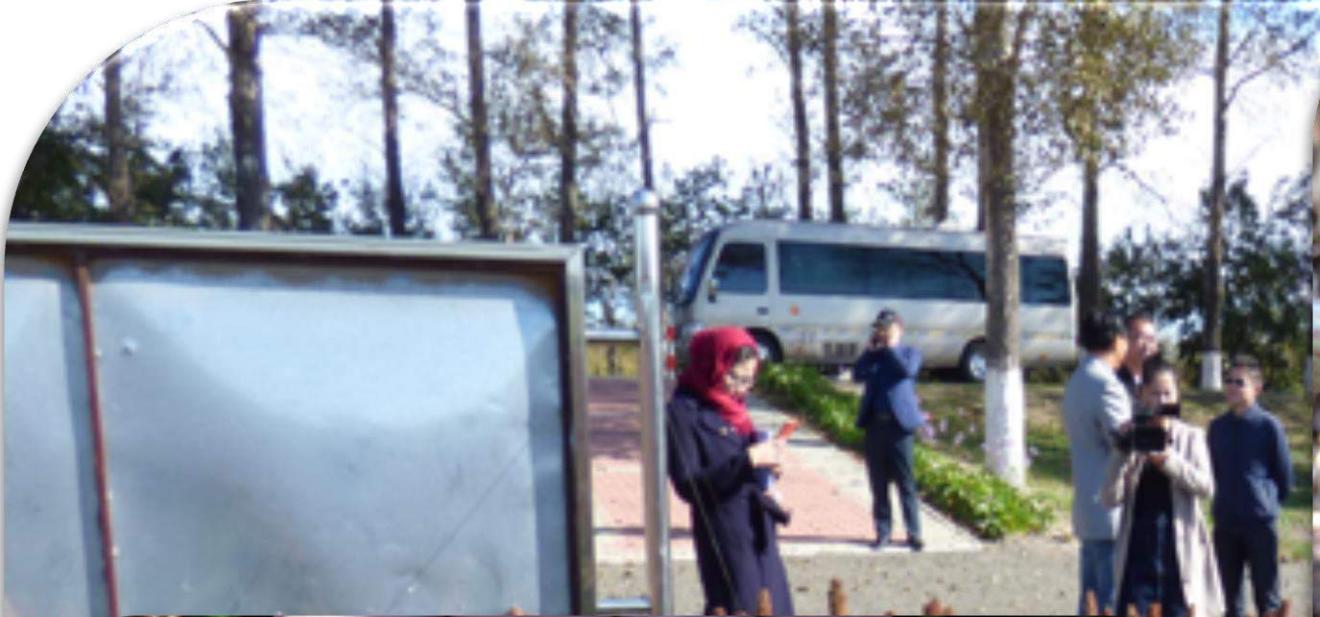
Corn



Soja



What are the problems / 有哪些问题



# Possible wider crop rotation / 可能的更广泛的轮作

Soja / 大豆

Corn / 玉米



Sunflower / 向日葵



What with Cover crops?  
覆盖作物怎么办?

Buckwheat / 荞麦



Wheat / 小麦





Dams for soy and/or corn / 大豆和/或玉米的水坝

Bare soil - evaporation / 裸土 - 蒸发

Channels between the dams - erosion / 水坝之间的沟渠 - 侵蚀

Plough equals clods and biological holocaust / 犁耕等于土块和生物大灾难



# Cover crops / 覆蓋作物

# Catch crop in the undersowing method / 在套种法中使用捕获作物



Interrow cultivation + Fertilizer incorporation  
+ cover crops seeding / 行间耕作 + 施肥 + 覆  
盖作物播种



# Strawmanagement

# 秸秆管理

# Straw management, an important key in SA 秸秆管理是可持续农业的重要关键



Chop the straw where it has grown → Optimal straw distribution  
在原地进行秸秆粉碎 → 最佳的秸秆分配法

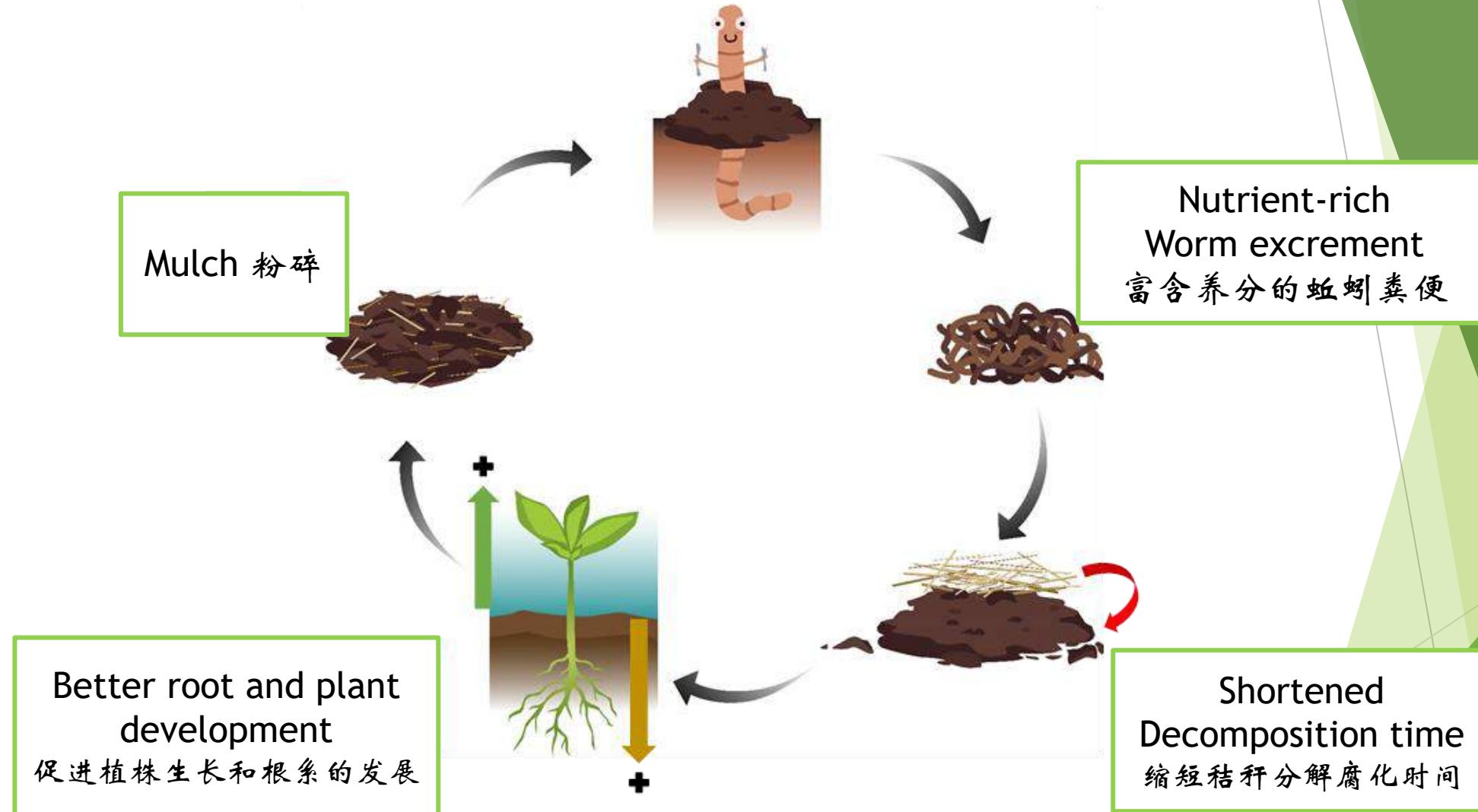


Mulching after grain corn makes soil cultivation and sowing possible !  
收完玉米后用穆庭粉粹，更有利于后续的整地和播种！



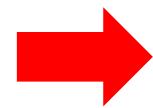
Due to the suction effect, the crop is completely sucked in and processed  
由于吸力作用，作物被完全吸入机具并粉碎

Perfect food for soil life  
"完美的土壤生物饲料"

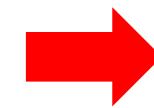


# Cultivation methods / 栽培方法

Conventional soil  
cultivation (plough) 传统  
的耕作 (犁)



Conservation tillage (mulching-strip  
tillage) "保护性耕作 (粉碎-条耕)"



Direkt drilling/  
NoTill 直播/免耕

Erosion risk 侵蚀风险

Machine efficiency 机器效率

Intensity 强度

Trafficability 通行能力

Evaporation 蒸发

Water efficiency 用水效率

Cost intensivity 成本强度

soil organisms 土壤生物

Carbon losses 碳损失

# The plough a soil killer 犁——土壤

French

World 24 hr ploughing record

法国

世界24小时犁地记录



- 1.25 square miles or 800 ha
- 4 million tonnes of soil!
- 650 tnes CO<sub>2</sub> (175 tnes CH<sub>4</sub>)
- 17.5 tnes Nitrogen

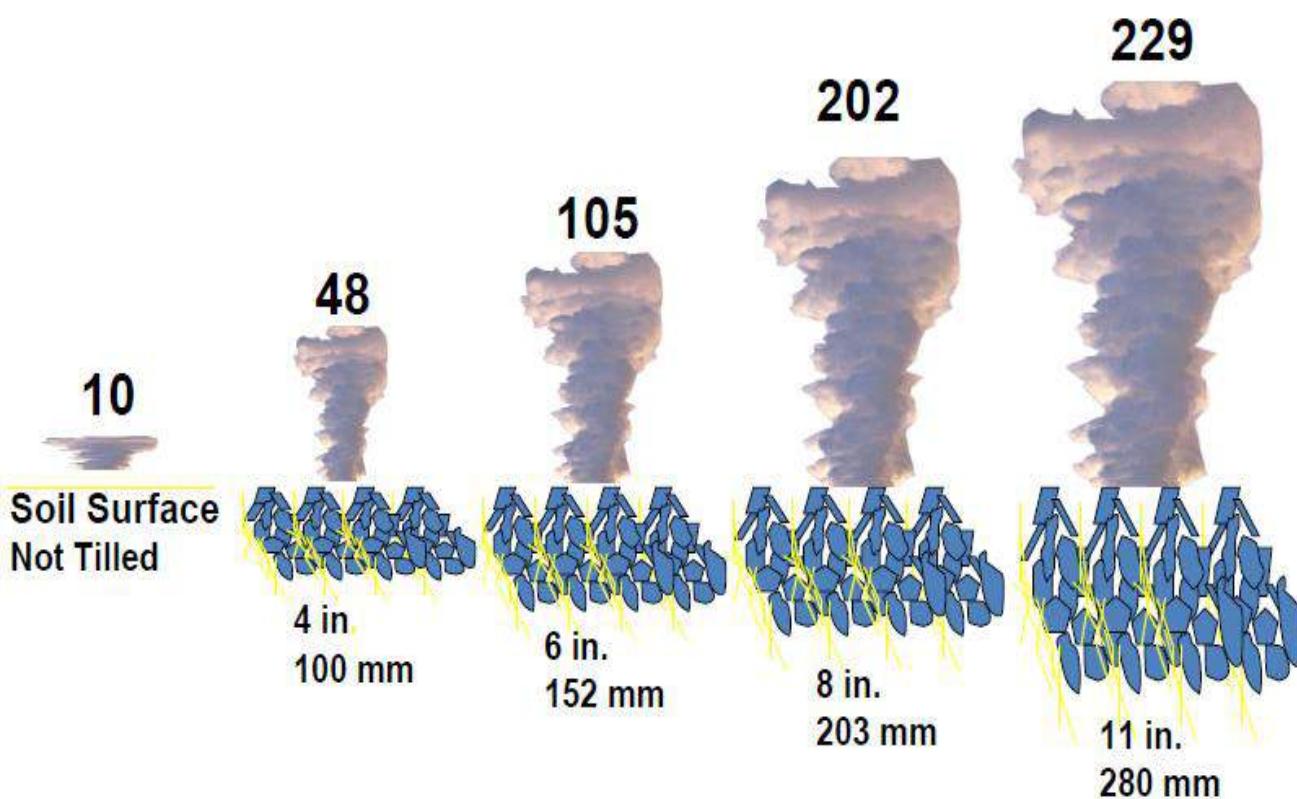
Calculations based on work by Prof Reicosky,

英亩，也即324公顷（4860亩）

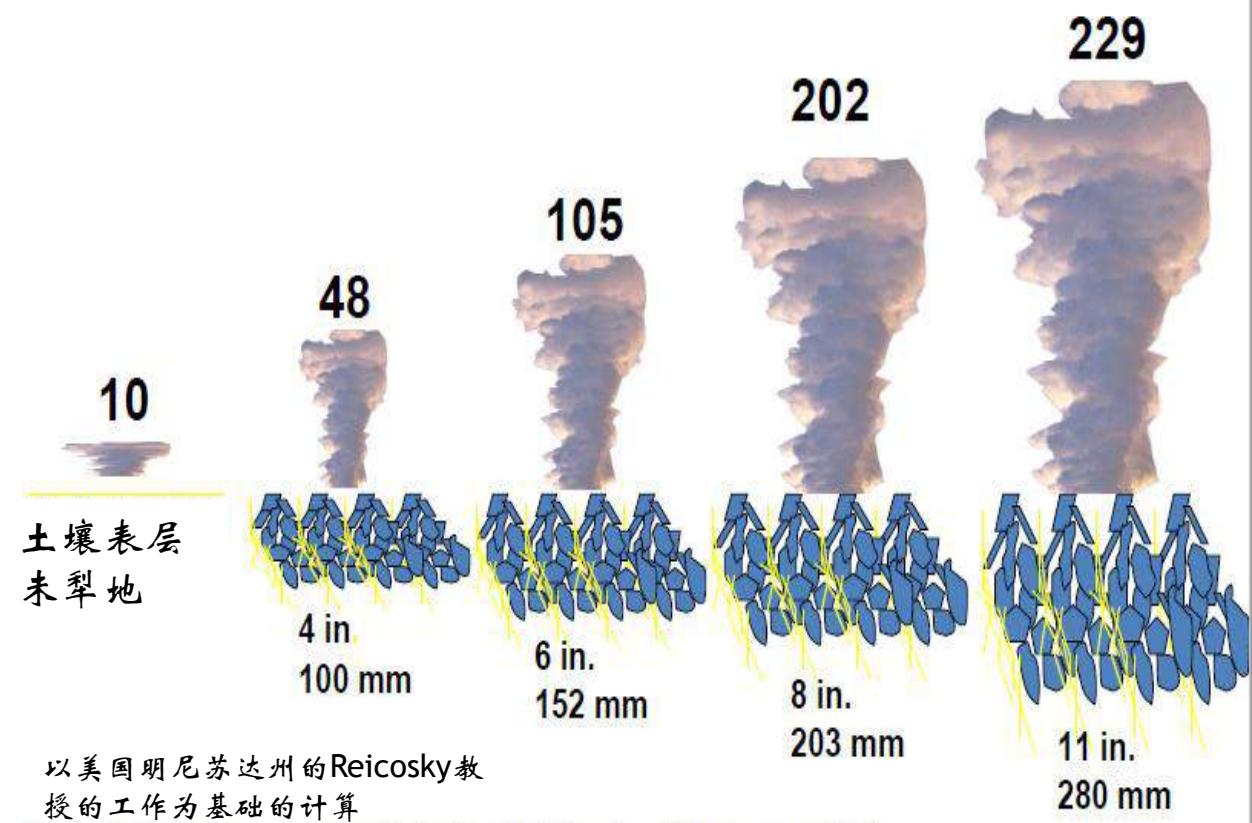
(£12,000?)

Minnesota, USA

12 Aug., 1998 Plow Depth Study Swan Lake Farm  
24 hour cumulative CO<sub>2</sub> losses (g CO<sub>2</sub> m<sup>-2</sup>)

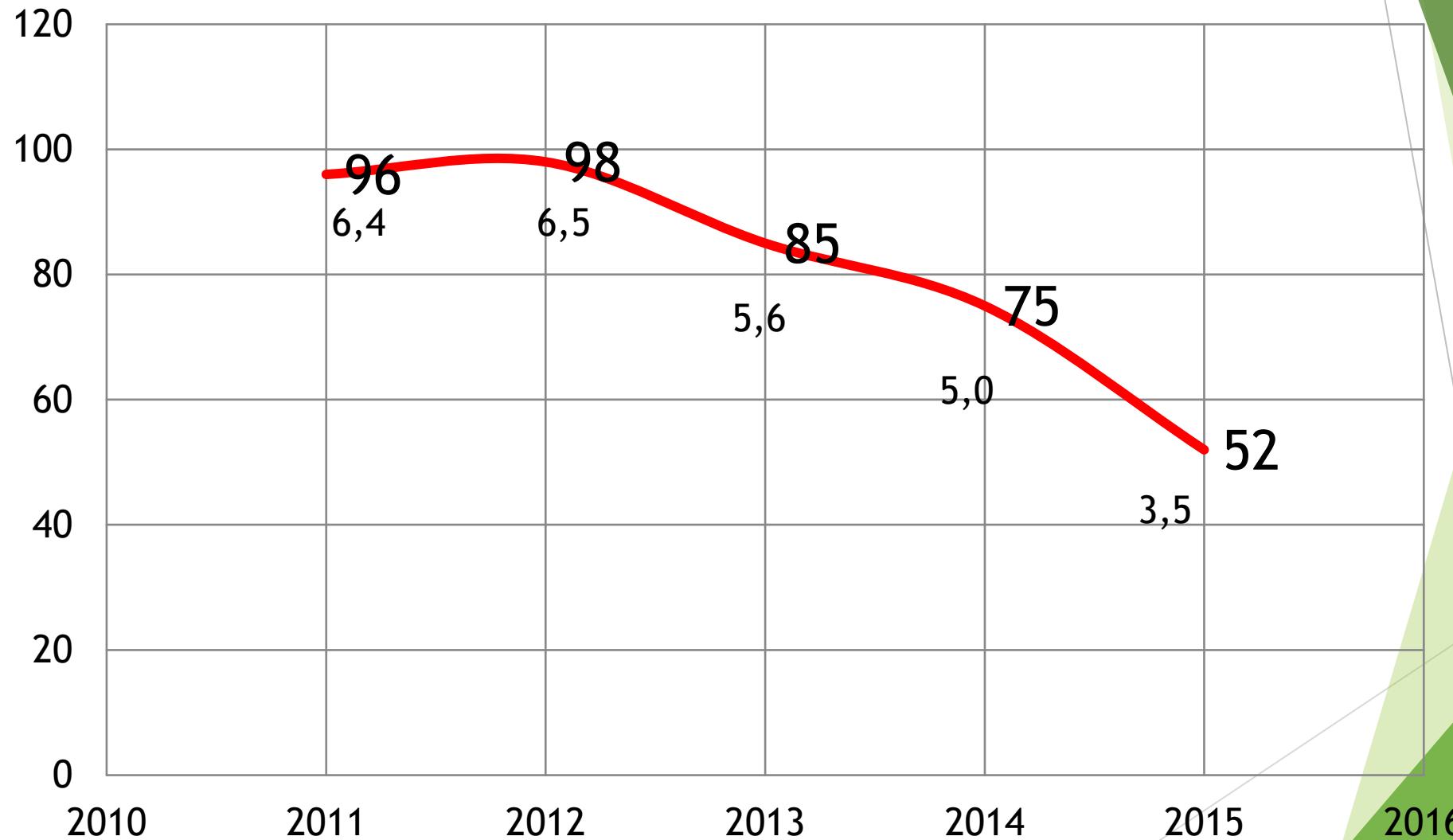


1998年8月12号，犁地作业深度研究 天鹅湖农  
24小时累计二氧化碳的挥发量





## Fuel consumption (l/ha-Mu) 燃料消耗 (升/公顷-亩)



# Drill and Plant Methods

## "钻孔和种植方法"

Conventional sowing for all crops / 所有作物的常规播种



Strip tillage for corn - soy - sunflower - rapeseed - sugar beet. All crops with a row spacing of 45 to 75 cm / 玉米、大豆、向日葵、油菜籽和甜菜的条带耕作。所有作物行距为45至75厘米



Direct sowing possible for all crops / 所有作物都可以直接播种



# Strip tillage a compromise between conventional and no tillage / 条带耕作是传统耕作和免耕之间的一种妥协





## Intensive praxis of „7 C“ 对“7C”进行大量实践应用

1. „C“ = Culture, means wider crop rotation and diversification / 农业措施习惯。意味着更多品种的作物轮作，多样化
2. „C“ = Cover crops for soil structure and carbon in the soil / 覆盖作物。提升土壤结构和土壤中的碳
3. „C“ = Carbon for soil structure, storing water and nutrients, feeds soil organisms / 碳。用于土壤结构的组成、储存水和养分、为土壤生物提供养分
4. „C“ = Calcium is more than just a pH regulator / 钙。而钙不仅仅是pH调节剂
5. „C“ = Cultivation, reduce it to keep soil structure / 耕种。减少整地或耕作，用以保持土壤的原始结构
6. „C“ = Chemical, reduce them, even a fungicide is killing worms or other insects / 化学药剂。减少使用化学药剂，即使是杀菌剂也能杀死虫卵
7. „C“ = Constancy. Don't give up if it does not work as you expect  
坚持。如果没有达到你的期望值，坚持下去，不要放弃

# Sustainable Agriculture (SA) / 可持续农业 (SA)

- It needs years for SA to show its benefits / 可持续农业需要多年时间才能显示其好处
- It needs years for government to accept and support SA / 政府需要多年时间才能接受和支持可持续农业
- It needs years for farmers to understand, accept and try SA / 农民需要多年时间来理解、接受和尝试可持续农业
- It needs years to find whether SA will bring negative effects / 需要多年时间才能确定可持续农业是否会带来负面影响
- It needs constancy / 它需要持续性

Time will prove everything! / 时间会证明一切!

Thank you

Xiè xiè

